# San Mateo County Harbor District Board of Harbor Commissioners Special Meeting Agenda

June 23, 2015 6:30 p.m.

## Sea Crest School, Think Tank, Room #19 901 Arnold Way Half Moon Bay, Ca. 94019

All Harbor District Commission meetings are recorded and posted at <a href="www.PacificCoast.tv">www.PacificCoast.tv</a> within 24-48 hours of the meeting. Pacifica residents can tune into Comcast Chanel 26 and residents from Montara through Pescadero can tune into Comcast Chanel 27. Copies of the meetings can also be purchased from PCT and mailed for \$18.

Persons requiring special accommodation with respect to physical disability are directed to make such requests per the Americans With Disabilities Act to the Deputy Secretary to the Board at 650-583-4400

## A.) Roll Call

#### **Commissioners**

Tom Mattusch, President Nicole David, Vice President Robert Bernardo, Secretary Pietro Parravano, Treasurer Sabrina Brennan, Commissioner

#### Staff

Glenn Lazof, Interim General Manager Debbie Nixon, Deputy Secretary Steven Miller, District Counsel

# **B.)** New Business

1 TITLE:

Letter in Response to the LAFCo Circulation Draft

**Municipal Service Review** 

REPORT:

Lazof, Draft Letter

PROPOSED ACTION:

Approval of response letter to LAFCo Circulation Draft

Municipal Service Review

# Adjournment

The next scheduled meeting will be held on July 1, 2015 at the Sea Crest School, Think Tank, Room #19, 901 Arnold Way, Half Moon Bay at 6:30 p.m.

Special Agenda Posted As Required:

June 19th at 1:00 p.m.

Debbie Nixon, Deputy Secretary

Martha Poyatos, Executive Director San Mateo LAFCo 455 County Center Redwood City, CA 94063

June \_\_\_, 2015

Re: May 29, 2015 Circulation Draft Municipal Service Review and Sphere Update for the San Mateo County Harbor District

Dear Ms. Poyatos,

The San Mateo County Harbor District (District) Board of Harbor Commissioners met on June 23, 2015 to consider the above referenced Circulation Draft Report (Draft Report). This letter comprises the District's formal response to the Draft Report, although we reserve the right to make additional comments once you issue your Executive Officer's Report and the report is finalized. After a few brief introductory remarks, this response is organized in three main parts. First, we offer some reactions and corrections to specific statements made in the Draft Report. Second, we offer some more general reactions to the Draft Report. Third, we respond in particular to the Draft Report's discussion of dissolution of the District.

 As a preliminary matter, we express appreciation to the Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCo) for preparing the Draft Report. While it is naturally difficult to read a report that targets one's own agency for dissolution, the District is always looking to improve the delivery of services to its public. Prior to the issuance of the report, the District has embarked on a number of initiatives designed to improve efficiency and resolve longstanding issues identified in the report. We therefore consider the recommendations contained in the Draft Report to be helpful tools for guiding the District forward. We are grateful that the Report acknowledges positive efforts that the District has made in recent months and appreciate the good suggestions as to how to build on progress already made. The District believes it will continue to improve and because it believes that it is now on the right path, the District should be given the opportunity to complete improvements it has already begun, and to implement other improvements that are planned.

 Notwithstanding the helpful parts of the report, as discussed in Part II below the Draft Report over-emphasizes governance issues at the expense of the other statutorily required factors that must be the basis for any sphere of influence finding under the Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Act (the CKH Act), which establishes the LAFCo process. This over-emphasis is perhaps understandable given that the Draft Report was expressly written in response to a request from the San Mateo County Grand Jury, as acknowledged in the Introduction to the Draft Report). The District understands that the Civil Grand Jury Report cannot be ignored. However it also believes that a Municipal Services Review (MSR) should not examine issues outside those contemplated by the CKH Act. In its emphasis on governance issues, and in its lengthy discussion of dissolution options, the Draft Report excessively focuses on political concerns that are not relevant to the CKH Act's standards for an MSR.

 Finally, we point out that dissolution of a special district is quite rare. As a result, the Draft Report acknowledges that there are many legal issues for which there is no clear guidance, either through the courts or the experiences of LAFCo's in other counties. Even though there is no pending dissolution application, we cannot ignore the call for dissolution presented in the Draft Report. In Part III below, therefore, we emphasize a number of unknown but critically important legal issues we think require further study. We imagine that any agency seeking to initiate dissolution proceedings would want resolution of these issues

With the above prefatory remarks, we now provide our more detailed response.

### I. Specific Comments to Draft Report

Attached as Exhibit A to this letter is a table that lists specific statements from the Draft Report, followed by comments from the District. Many of these comments are simply to correct minor factual inaccuracies. But some of them are substantive in nature. We hope that the final Report will reflect these specific corrections and comments. In particular, the District adopted a final FY 2015/2016 budget at a public hearing on June 17, 2015, as well as amended the FY 14/15 budget. While we do not make corrections to financial statements in the Draft Report, we request that LAFCo update the Draft Report's financial statements accordingly.

### II. General Response

1. Efficiencies and Cost Savings. The CKH Act states that governmental "responsibility should be given to the agency or agencies that can best provide government services." (Government Code §56000.) The Draft Report concludes that the District services are duplicated by, and therefore could be provided in a more cost effective manner by, the County. But the Draft Report itself asks many questions about whether the County can actually accomplish the District's functions more efficiently. In essence, the ultimate question of whether the County can provide the services of the District more efficiently is not certain.

The Draft Report acknowledges that the County's only experience with the operating and maintenance of a marina is at Coyote Point, run by the County Parks Department. Coyote Point Marina does not allow live-aboards, nor does it provide commercial fishing services or indeed any of the types of services fundamental to the operation of an ocean-side marina. Some of these ocean-side services can quickly become matters of life and death when there are storm surges and resulting flooding.

Moreover, the most recent budget of the County Parks Department indicates that it generates \$3,151,472 in user fees resulting from "enterprise" operations, while applying \$7,320,109 from County General Fund and sales tax sources. Finally, as discussed in the detailed response in Part I, revenues per berth at District facilities exceed those at Coyote Point Marina, indicating that the District is more effective in operations than the County Marina at Coyote Point. Is the County really in a position to provide services more effectively and efficiently than the District?

The Draft Report states that "the assumption of SMCHD operations by a successor agency (or agencies) offers the opportunity to achieve certain service efficiencies and cost savings." (p.32)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>https://parks.smcgov.org/sites/parks.smcgov.org/files/documents/files/SMCoParksAnnualReport2013-2014.FINAL\_.web\_.pdf

Yet the Draft Report is equivocal as to what those savings might be. The Draft Report mentions the potential savings of legal fees, although the Draft Report also lists a host of additional legal costs to be incurred as a result of dissolution. Moreover, regardless of whether the County assumes operations of the District, the County will have to assign County Counsel or other outside counsel to provide advice and representation as to those services that the District currently provides. The Draft Report asserts that there may be administrative savings "depend[ing] on the ability of the successor agency to manage increased workload," although the Draft Report lists a host of employment-related costs that may increase and that the Draft Report cautions must be considered further. We echo this concern and hope that further detailed analysis on this issue will be conducted prior to any steps being taken to dissolve the District.

In fact, the only identified cost savings is election costs. But here too, the Draft Report is unrealistically optimistic. It identifies \$300,000--\$500,000 as "the greatest potential savings" (implicitly concluding that all the other identified savings are not only speculative, as discussed in the previous paragraph, but are also smaller). If the Harbor District were to be dissolved, obviously it would not have any further election costs. But that does not mean that the County's total election costs would decrease by the same amount. The County might see some savings from eliminating the District's small position on the ballot and slight reduced printing costs. But, a net gain of \$300,000 to \$500,000 is illusive. Election costs are divided among all other agencies, including the County. If the District were dissolved, most of these costs would still exist and would have to be assumed by the remaining agencies.

In sum, the Draft Report cannot point to any identifiable cost savings to be incurred by the District's dissolution. If the District is providing services in a manner more cost effective than any alternative, does that not meet the Government Code's requirement that "responsibility should be given to the agency or agencies that can best provide government services"? (Government Code §56000.) While the District does not expect LAFCo to do anything other than reaffirm the District's existing Sphere of Influence, there is no convincing evidence that another agency, particularly the County, could provide the District's critical services more effectively or efficiently than the District.

Notwithstanding this conclusion, the District will continue to implement its initiatives to improve its efficiency and address outstanding issues. Indeed, the Draft Report at p. 36 even acknowledges the improvements the District has made towards greater fiscal ability and health. The District should be given the time to fully implement and complete these initiatives in light of the fact that there is no evidence that the County can provide the services more effectively and efficiently.

## 2. Reliance on Property Tax.

A repeated theme of the Draft Report is that the District relies excessively on property tax revenues to subsidize operating shortfalls because the fees and charges the District imposes on the public are insufficient to cover all of the District's operating expenses. We think this thematic insistence represents a fundamental misunderstanding of both the District in particular and of local government finance in general.

The District has statutorily authorized powers under the Harbors and Navigation Code. It makes expenditures only on projects consistent with those powers. As the Draft Report expressly acknowledges, the District is not a traditional "enterprise" district. Rather the District "provides a range of non-enterprise services and facilities that benefit a broad public but which are not

revenue-generating activities, including parks, waterfront access, public piers, and emergency water rescue." (p. 3)

The District receives revenues from a number of sources, including its share of property taxes distributed by the County under the State's complex distribution scheme embodied in Assembly Bill 8. Revenues and expenditures together make up the District's budget, but the District does not attribute a specific revenue source to a specific expenditure. Because it conducts activities that are both traditional enterprise activities (for instance the collection of slip rental fees) and not (for instance search and rescue operations), it is not always practical, and is certainly not legally required, to attribute specific revenue sources to specific expenditures.

Under the Revenue and Taxation Code, and pursuant to the complex property tax distribution scheme resulting from Proposition 13, the District receives from the County its share of property taxes. There are no restrictions on the use to which the District puts those tax revenues, so long as it is spending money consistent with its authorized purposes as discussed above.

Local Government throughout California and San Mateo County is in the same situation as the District. Three examples: The San Mateo County Transit District uses sales tax revenue to subsidize bus service throughout the County. The Westborough Water District had a \$417,600 operating loss in fiscal year 2013-14 that was offset by \$335,000 in property tax revenues. Granada Sanitation District (now Granada Community Services District) in fiscal year 2013-14 received over \$1.2 million in revenue from its "enterprise" activity of sanitation charges. Its operating budget was over \$1.68 million, so this district would have had an operating loss had it not also received \$490,000 in property tax revenues.

 The Harbor District is always looking for ways to increase revenues and reduce expenses, all without relying on increased taxes. In particular, better management and use of the District's real property interests is a top priority of the present Board and it expects the District's new management team to better manage District leases so that they become more profitable cost centers in the near future. The District also acknowledges that it must complete its Strategic Business Plan. A key component of that Strategic Business Plan that needs to be implemented is to identify new and alternative sources of revenue to augment and diversify the District's economic and financial base and reduce use of property tax revenue. It may be true that the District could do better in maximizing enterprise revenues—and the District will do better. But it is misleading to focus on the use of property tax revenue as a negative factor indicating inefficiencies that requiring dissolution of the District. Moreover, as discussed in Part III below, it would be a mistake to assume that any successor agency would inevitably receive the District's property tax revenues.

3. The District is in Transition. The Draft Report acknowledges that the District has embarked on a search for a General Manager after the retirement on December 31, 2014 of its prior General Manager, who had served the District for over 15 years. Many of the recommendations made in the Draft Report will be implemented by a new General Manager. It is premature not to allow a new General Manager to set a new tone, and to implement District policies in a manner consistent with the Draft Report's recommendations. The Draft Report fails to take into account this important change in District leadership. This issue is particularly important given that the District has a small staff and the General Manager has enormous importance to the District.

### 4. Governance.

199 The CKH Act defines the factors to be included in a Municipal Services Review.

- (1) Growth and population projections for the affected area.
- (2) The location and characteristics of any disadvantaged unincorporated communities within or contiguous to the sphere of influence.
- (3) Present and planned capacity of public facilities, adequacy of public services, and infrastructure needs or deficiencies including needs or deficiencies related to sewers, municipal and industrial water, and structural fire protection in any disadvantaged, unincorporated communities within or contiguous to the sphere of influence.
- (4) Financial ability of agencies to provide services.
- (5) Status of, and opportunities for, shared facilities.
- (6) Accountability for community service needs, including governmental structure and operational efficiencies.
- (7) Any other matter related to effective or efficient service delivery, as required by commission policy.

(Government Code 56430)

The CKH Act further requires that LAFCo consider the following in determining a Sphere of Influence:

- (1) The present and planned land uses in the area, including agricultural and open-space lands.
- (2) The present and probable need for public facilities and services in the area.
- (3) The present capacity of public facilities and adequacy of public services that the agency provides or is authorized to provide.
- (4) The existence of any social or economic communities of interest in the area if the commission determines that they are relevant to the agency.

(Government Code 56425).

The above two code sections contain the <u>exclusive</u> list of items LAFCo may consider in an MSR and a Sphere of Influence determination. The Draft Report goes beyond the above list. The MSR includes a 3-page section called Governance Options that "describes governance options to the status quo that can be considered" without considering the seven factors required by Section 56430. At the conclusion of the Sphere of Influence Determination there is a 2 page section titled "Dissolution process" that describes in some detail various dissolution options without reference to any of the factors required by Section 56425.

These sections are out of place in a document like the Draft Report. An MSR may properly discuss governance issues as they relate to the efficient provision of services. But even here, the message is a mixed one in that the Draft Report explicitly states that the District "has taken a number of steps towards addressing issues that plagued it in the past" and acknowledges that the District is addressing its staffing and planning issues. The Report further describes the District's considerable success in providing services and even assumes that any successor agency would need to rely on existing District staff in order to continue to meet existing service levels. As discussed above, it is unlikely that any agency, in particular the County, could provide the District's services as effectively and efficiently as the District.

The section on dissolution at the end of the Draft Report is also out of place in a Sphere of Influence determination as it does not address any of the four statutory factors but just provides a roadmap towards dissolution. As these two sections are not statutorily required or permitted, the District believes that the Draft Report's inclusion of these two sections is likely because of the accusations of dysfunctional governance presented in the Civil Grand Jury Report.

The District acknowledges the reality of the Civil Grand Jury Report and imagines that it will color the way LAFCo commissioners will receive any Final Report. It is therefore perfectly understandable that LAFCo's consultants could not ignore the issues presented in the Civil Grand Jury Report. The District further understands that discord among its Commissioners, and relationships between Commissioners and staff, have placed it unfortunately in the public eye. But as the Draft Report acknowledges, the District is confronting many of these issues head on—for instance with the increased partnership with Regional Government Services that has already made progress in the efficient provision of services to the public.

The District does not agree that dissolution is the remedy for the past dysfunctions identified in the Civil Grand Jury Report. At the appropriate time, and if necessary, the District will present an argument as to the profoundly undemocratic implications if LAFCo proceeds to promote dissolution as a result of dissatisfaction with the conduct of an agency led by elected officials. But whether or not one agrees with the Civil Grand Jury Report, the emphasis on these issues is out of place in an MSR or a Sphere of Influence Determination. The District respectfully requests that that Section 4 titled Governance Options on pages 31-35 and Section 7 titled Dissolution Process on pages 42-43 be deleted from the Draft Report. LAFCo should conduct its business, by accepting a MSR and determining the District's Sphere of Influence, solely on the legally permissible statutory factors identified in the CKH Act.

## III. Dissolution—Unanswered Questions

 Dissolution of a special district is rare. As a result, there are numerous unprecedented and complex legal issues for which there is no guidance, either through the courts or the experiences of LAFCo in San Mateo or other counties. The Draft Report acknowledges what it describes on page 33 as "Transition Issues" that will be costly. While the legal complexities of dissolution are considerable, resulting in numerous legal challenges, we identify four particularly important legal questions underpinning these "Transition Issues." All four of these legal issues require further analysis before assuming that dissolution of the District is in the best interest of the County's taxpayers.

1. <u>Property Taxes.</u> A fundamental assumption of the Report is that LAFCo will be able to dictate that all of the District's property tax revenues would be "shifted" to a successor agency. It is true that Government Code Section 56886 allows LAFCo to set conditions that LAFCo may impose upon a "change of organization" (including a dissolution). Subsection 56886(t) permits LAFCo to condition a dissolution on "the extension or continuation of any previously authorized charge, fee, assessment, or tax by the local agency or a successor local agency in the affected territory."

But this process is far more complicated than a simple condition of LAFCo to require continuation of tax revenues to "shift" to a successor agency. That LAFCo may place a condition upon a dissolution does not mean that LAFCo has the power to force the condition to actually occur. Any condition must be implemented in compliance with applicable law. Applicable law regarding reallocation of ad valorem property tax revenues in the event of a dissolution is governed by Revenue and Taxation Code Section 99. As it is not part of the CKH Act, it cannot be overridden by LAFCo's powers, however great they may be. Section 99 establishes a complicated process before any tax revenues can be re-allocated. We call to LAFCo's attention, as well as to the attention of any potential successor agency assuming that it will be eligible to receive the property tax that presently flows to the Harbor District, the following requirement of Section 99(b)(6):

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the [LAFCo] executive officer shall not issue a certificate of filing [the document needed to initiate a dissolution proceeding] . . . until the local agencies included in the property tax revenue exchange negotiation . . . present resolutions adopted by each county and city whereby each county and city agrees to accept the exchange of property tax revenues.

Seemingly, the refusal of any city in San Mateo County (and potentially other special districts) to adopt a property tax resolution could block any dissolution. In other words, if LAFCo conditions dissolution on the "shifting" of property taxes and the "shifting" methodology is ultimately not approved, the dissolution will not occur. Given the percentage of property tax revenues compared to all District revenues, any successor agency would presumably need to have a guarantee that it will receive such revenue before beginning a dissolution process. Indeed, a successor agency could not provide the District's critical services in any way close to the current standard without access to such revenues.

Thus, while LAFCo certainly has the power to set a condition that the property tax revenues be "shifted" to a successor agency for the continuation of the District's critical services, there is no authority that would enforce such a designation and there is some reason to question whether a successor agency would be free to spend those funds as it saw fit. This is hardly the simple "shifting" process suggested by the Report.

2. <u>Labor Issues</u>. The District is presently beginning bargaining with its two unions, both of whose MOUs expires on July 1, 2015. The outcome of those negotiations are unknown at this time, but will surely be important to understand before any further steps are taken down the unprecedented dissolution path. Of particular importance, and regardless of the outcome of the pending negotiations, are the CalPERS obligations referenced in the Draft Report at page 33.

3. State Law Issues. Two State law issues merit further attention prior to any initiation of dissolution proceedings. First, the District operates not only under authority of its enabling legislation, but also under the State tidelands grant that allowed it to establish Pillar Point Harbor (Chapter 68, Statutes of 1960). The tidelands grant states: "That said lands shall be used by said district.....for the establishment, improvement and conduct of a harbor.....and for the construction, maintenance and operation thereon of structures and facilities for public recreational purposes...". (emphasis added) It is not clear the extent to which the CKH Act can be implemented in accordance with this grant—if there is no District in existence, the CKH Act may not provide authority under the tidelands grant absent additional action by the legislature. Second, the Draft Report acknowledges the positive steps the District has taken to reduce the principal of its loan from the Department of Boating and Waterways (DBW). But this remains a liability of the District that will become the liability of any successor agency. In addition, the terms of the loan, as well as provisions of the Harbors and Navigation Code that attach statutory requirements to recipients of loans from the DBW, require further analysis to determine the extent to which DBW must approve the assignment of District assets to a successor agency, or indeed whether DBW approval is required as a condition of dissolution in the first instance.

 4. <u>CEQA</u>. Reorganization under the CKH Act is often subject to a categorical exemption under CEQA. But that exemption is for reorganizations "where the changes do not change the geographical area in which previously existing powers are exercised." (CEQA Guidelines Section 15320) The Draft Report suggests as a possible option for dissolution a disaggregation

of the District's duties with regard to Oyster Point Marina and Pillar Point Harbor. Terminating the Joint Powers Agreement with the City of South San Francisco and focusing the District's activities at Pillar Point Harbor may be an idea worthy of further study (contrary to the Draft Report, it is not a foregone conclusion that the District would forego the property tax collected in the City under such a detachment). But before applying for dissolution, or any less drastic reorganization that detaches Oyster Point Marina from the District, the CEQA implications need further study given that the District is a party to a Joint Powers Agreement with the City of South San Francisco for the operation of Oyster Point Marina.

### IV. Conclusion. Moving Forward.

In closing, we would like to emphasize that a fundamental purpose of an MSR is as a planning document for the future, not a retrospective examination of past mistakes. The District is dedicated to providing excellent service to the public it serves and will take seriously all of the recommendations for improvement identified in the Draft Report. But at the same time, the District is committed to looking forward not backward.

The timing of the Draft Report, and the Grand Jury Report triggering its development, have spurred the District to enter into a transition period. Such transitions may sometimes come with painful lessons learned and progress is not always as smooth or as quick as one would like. In the coming months, the District will engage a permanent General Manager under whose leadership the District will improve its administrative and accounting procedures, implement a new MOU with its valued employees, resolve legal issues arising from past actions, and improve the District's financial condition with an increased focus on revenue generating activities. It will do all this with a small staff dedicated to providing essential services to County residents, to the commercial fisherman who rely on the District's facilities, and to the many thousands of visitors from outside the County that visit the Harbor District's facilities each year, or that indirectly receive the benefit of the District's services every time they order local seafood from their favorite restaurant.

Sincerely,

Tom Mattusch, President, Board of Harbor Commissioners of the San Mateo County Harbor District

**Exhibit A**San Mateo County Harbor District's Response to Circulation Draft Municipal Service Review and Sphere Update

Page	Quote from Draft Report	Comment
3	Ferryboat service operated independently by the Water Emergency Transit Authority (WETA), which supplanted a number of berths, now operates to the East Bay from Oyster Point Marina.	Even with a reduced number of slips, the Harbor District operates OPM efficiently. A comparison of Oyster Point Marina Berth-only revenues to <u>all</u> Coyote Point Marina revenues from business type activities shows that Oyster Point is higher (\$2,629) than all enterprise revenues the County achieves at Coyote Point Marina, (\$1,970). The comparison is even more striking at Pillar Point Harbor, where per berth revenues are (\$4,457). Data is from FY 13 14.
3	Ferryboat service operated independently by the Water Emergency Transit Authority (WETA), which supplanted a number of berths, now operates to the East Bay from Oyster Point Marina.	Usage of WETA service to OPM is growing by leaps and bounds. The District is now an important part of the critically important regional public transportation system. The District gave up revenue-generating boat slips in order to provide this valuable service to those County residents who use the WETA ferry. The Growth of Average daily passengers has gone from 161 boardings a day in the first year of service, to 333 the second year, to 405 in year three. (See Appendix A)
3	has hired an Interim General Manager with the goal of alleviating diminished staffing	The hire of the Interim General Manager has allowed the former Acting General Manager to focus on managing the harbors in his capacity as Harbor Master.
8	Commercial Fishing Facilities	That Pillar Point Harbor is the sixth highest earning harbor in the State is of course due in part to the dedicated efforts of local commercial fisherman. But this data point also speaks to the District's operational skills and efficiencies.
9	Emergency Services	The Report acknowledges the District's crucial search and rescue services at Pillar Point Harbor. But the District provides similar services at Oyster Point Marina. From 2010 – through June 21, 2015 there were 75 rescues as follows: 2010- 20; 2011- 19, 2012- 7, 2013- 9, 2014- 12, 2015 (partial year) 8
13	Buildings—Site improvements	Sea level rise issues cannot be over emphasized, even at OPM where king tides already crest existing breakwaters.

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13	Capital Improvement Program (CIP) at OPM	Responsibility for road and parking lot maintenance at Oyster Point Marina is an issue that needs to be resolved under the JPA between the District and the City of South San Francisco. This issue becomes ever more important both for natural reasons related to the drought, but also for man-made reasons due to increasing use of the roads by the large buses that serve the WETA terminal.
13	Capital Improvement Program (CIP) at OPM "restroom improvements at an estimated cost of \$560,000."	All but two of the restrooms at OPM have already been remodeled. In addition, a new public restroom facility will be installed in 2015 near the ferry terminal area funded by a grant from Genentech.

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14	Earn Special District Leadership Certificates	Commissioner Training/ Education History (Total of 148 hours of Training)  Roberto Bernardo: Public Ethics Education AB1234 (7/21/14 and 3/26/15);  Sabrina Brennan: Open Ethical Leadership –AB1234 1/15/13, How to be an Effective Board Member 1/15/13, Board's Role in Human Resources 3/18/13, Setting Direction/ Community Leadership 3/19/13, Public Service Ethics 10/14/14, California Special Districts Association Special District Leadership Conference 1/25/14, Understanding Board & District Liability 2/18/15, Special Legislative Days 5/19/15, Sexual Harassment 6/10/15 (Certificate of Completion pending), Also taken during 2015 Spot the Fraud! Fraud Detection/Prevention, Introduction to Special District Finances, Governance Foundations, and 2015 Special Districts Legislative Days  Nicole David: Harassment Prevention and Training for California Supervisors, 2/10/14, District Districts Dis
		Public Service Ethics 11/20/14, California Special Districts Association Special District Leadership Conference 1/25/14, Introduction to Special Districts 2/26/15, Sexual Harassment 6/10/15 (Certificate of Completion pending;  Tom Mattusch: Public Ethics Education AB1234 12/10/14, Special Districts Association Special District Leadership Conference 1/25/14, Introduction to Special District Finances 2/26/15; Best Practices in Strategic Planning 5/18/15, Special Legislative Days 5/19/15, Sexual Harassment 6/10/15 (Certificate of Completion pending);  Pietro Parravano: Harassment Policy and Harassment Prevention Training 3/3/08, Ethics Training –AB1234 3/3/08, Public Ethics Education AB1234 2/24/11, Public Ethics Education AB1234 10/25/12, 10/16/14 Public Ethics Education AB1234.
15	Committees	The Oyster Point Marina Liaison Committee is a standing committee, not an advisory committee.
16	"No SMCHD reserve policies exist"	The District has a reserve policy adopted through Resolution 17-10 on June 30, 2010. The Policy could be improved and setting a more comprehensive reserve policy is on the District's list of priorities.

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Page	Quote from Draft Report	Comment	
16	"CIP is needed to guide capital planning, budgeting and implementation, no formal action has been taken"	The District agrees that it should commit to a CIP for all the reasons mentioned in the Draft Report.	
17	SMCHD Website	Staff has a website RFP as an item for release in the latter half of 2015. District has also hired a Transparency Officer to assist increasing the utilization of the web site in the short term.	
18	"The new address is 504 Avenue Alhambra, Third Floor, El Granada, CA 94018."	Correct floor to "2nd floor" from "3rd floor"	
18	"The SMCHD is in the process of moving"	The move is complete, although some minor configuration issues remain	
19 (orga nizati onal chart)	Org chart	The Organizational Chart is outdated in many respects as numerous individuals have left the District or retired. As continued staff positions continue to be filled on an interim basis, the District does not expect to update the Org Chart at least until a permanent General Manager is appointed, which is expected within the next three months. The District believes that the permanent General Manager should have the ability to organize District Staff in a manner that is most efficient and effective.	
21-23	Revenues	The District is planning on examining rates to ensure that they are in line with other facilities. Rate increases are pending at both facilities for FY 2015/16. PPH is at 100% occupancy, indicating rates may be below market. That is not the case for OPM. Also important to note is that the District's berth occupancy rate at OPM would be higher if the District did not adhere to the legally prescribed cap on liveaboards of 10%.  Also with regard to OPM, there has been a loss in the number of available berths in order to accommodate the WETA ferry terminal. Monies rec'd from WETA were for loss of through 2019.	

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Page	Quote from Draft Report	Comment	
22	"OPM occupancies typically range from 60 to 65 percent"	in 2006 occupancy at OPM was 54%. It now <u>averages</u> 65%.	
26	In the FY15-16 Preliminary Budget, the SMCHD allocated approx. \$3.7 M towards termination benefits	Nine employees are vested with these benefits, seven more are vested and drawing benefits, and seven current employees are not vested.	
27	" and other costs associated with operations and facilities specific to PPH and OPM."	Garbage collection costs at Pillar Point Harbor are more than twice the amount at OPM due to the location of the landfill costs and the waste stream from commercial fishing."	
27	Debt Service "The FY15-16 SMCHD budget includes only the interest portion of debt service payments The budget shows the total payment including principal and interest."	These two sentences contradict each other. Only the second of these two sentences is correct.	
29	"The projected \$5.9 million,"	The projected "\$5.9 million" should be \$6.193 as stated just above the Total	
32	Allocation of Assets and Liabilities  "Remaining debt principal is entirely attributable to PPH"	It is by no means accurate to state that "remaining debt principal is entirely attributable to PPH." While District information conflicts with DBW documentation, it would be too time consuming to validate in time for this submission.	
35	3) President and planned capacity of public facilities	This section focuses exclusively on the District's marina facilities and does not mention the District's open-space/p[arks/trail facilities that it maintains.	

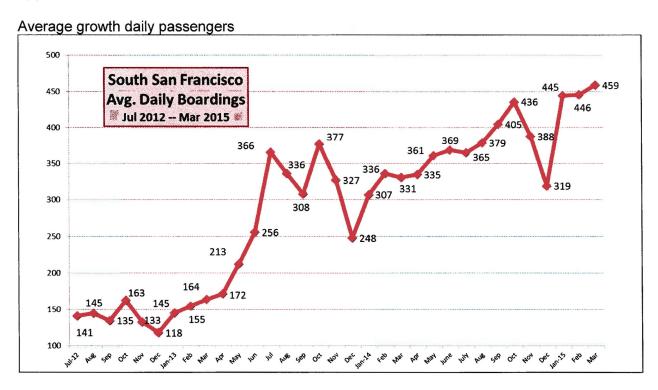
**Exhibit A**San Mateo County Harbor District's Response to Circulation Draft Municipal Service Review and Sphere Update

Page	Quote from Draft Report	Comment
37	2. The SMCHD should engage a public accounting firm to review its budget accounts for both operations and capital improvements, and establish a financial accounting system consistent with best practices for California public agencies.	The District has independent auditors issue financial statements annually. A Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) has recently been added to the scope of the FY 14/15 Audit. Typically a CAFR will include Statements of net position, revenue and expenses for enterprise functions, although this will be difficult without the cost accounting which is being implemented for 15/16.
37	The SMCHD should assess its personnel needs	The Commission approved contracted augmentations on an interim basis to address needed staff resources at June 17 meeting. A higher priority must for better or worse be placed burdens of state mandated activities, such as compliance with PRA's, which has been a significant district activity. The commission also approved changes to the job description and title of one management position on that date. It is expected that a new GM to bring recommendations to the Board to improve staff organization.
37	3. The SMCHD should consider administrative functions	The District agrees with this recommendation. Indeed, at the June 17, 2015 meeting, the District approved an expansion of the services provided the District by the JPA, Regional Government Services, for flexible professional administrative services on an "as needed" basis.
37	5) Status of, and opportunities for, shared facilities	Outsourcing is under consideration for all IT Functions. This must be done with care as frequently costs are not reduced when outsourced.
38	Recommendation: 2.	City of "San Francisco" should be "South San Francisco"

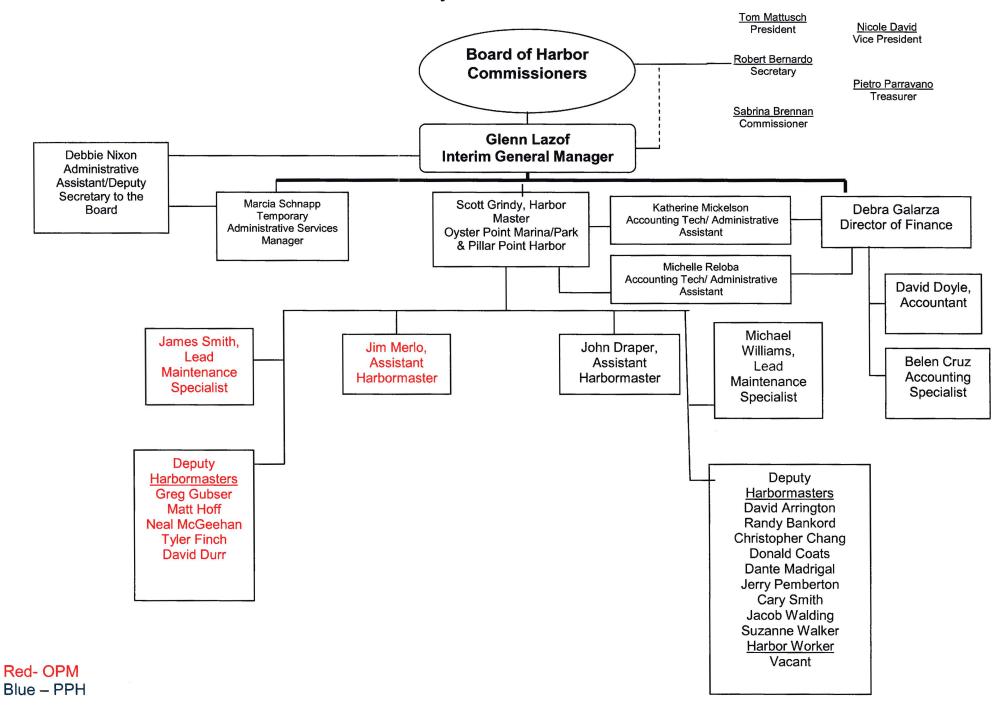
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Page	Quote from Draft Report	Comment
38	7) Any other matter related to effective or efficient service delivery, as required by commission policy.	The Response letter addresses the recommendation regarding allocating revenues to particular cost centers. The District will begin have cost accounting in place to track enterprise and non-enterprise activities in Fiscal Year 2015 2016.

## Appendix A



## **San Mateo County Harbor District**



## **Administration** (6 FTE)

Glenn Lazof, Interim General Manager

Debbie Nixon, Deputy Secretary

## **Human Resources**

Marcia Schnapp, Temporary Administrative Services Manager

## **Finance**

Debra Galarza, Director of Finance David Doyle, Accountant Belen Cruz, Accounting Specialist

Oyster Point Marina (8.5 FTE)	Pillar Point Harbor (13.5 FTE)
Scott Grindy, Harbor Master (.5)	Scott Grindy, Harbor Master (.5)
Jim Merlo, Assistant Harbormaster	John Draper, Assistant Harbormaster
Michelle Reloba, Accounting Technician	Katherine Mickelson, Accounting Technician
James Smith, Lead Maintenance Specialist	Michael Williams, Lead Maintenance Specialist
Deputy Harbormasters	Deputy Harbormasters
Greg Gubser Matt Hoff Neal McGeehan Tyler Finch David Durr	David Arington Randy Bankord Christopher Chang Donald Coats Dante Madrigal Jerry Pemberton Cary Smith Jacob Walding Suzanne Walker
	Harbor Worker

Vacant